

TRANSP. PU GLOSS TOP COAT

Revision nr.8 Dated 22/5/2014 Printed on 9/7/2014 Page n. 1 / 14 ΕN

Safety data sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: LP571

Product name TRANSP. PU GLOSS TOP COAT

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Paint for wood

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name INDUSTRIA CHIMICA ADRIATICA S.P.A.

Full address Via S. Pertini, 52

District and Country 62012 Civitanova Marche (MC)

ITALY

Tel. +39 0733 8080 Fax +39 0733 808140

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet icalab1@icaspa.com

Product distribution by INDUSTRIA CHIMICA ADRIATICA S.p.A.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Tel. + (39) 733 8080 Fax. + (39) 733 808140 (From Monday to Friday: 8.00 am -

6.00 pm)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Danger Symbols: Xn

R phrases: 10-20/21/22-52/53-66

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and subsequent amendments and supplements.



R10 FLAMMABLE HARMFUL R

R20/21/22 HARMFUL BY INHALATION, IN CONTACT WITH SKIN AND IF SWALLOWED.

R52/53 HARMFUL TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC

ENVIRONMENT.

R66 REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE SKIN DRYNESS OR CRACKING.

S 9 KEEP CONTAINER IN A WELL-VENTILATED PLACE.
 S23 DO NOT BREATHE GAS/FUMES/VAPOUR/SPRAY.
 S36/37 WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND GLOVES.

S43 IN CASE OF FIRE, USE CHEMICHAL POWDER, CO2,FOAM, NEBULIZED WATER.

S51 USE ONLY IN WELL-VENTILATED AREAS.



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification. />>

2.3. Other hazards.

Information not available.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification. Conc. %. Classification 67/548/EEC. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).

n-butyl acetate

CAS. 123-86-4 20 - 21.5 R10, R66, R67 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC. 204-658-1 INDEX. 607-025-00-1

Reg. no. 01-2119485493-29-0007

Xylene, mixture of isomers with ethylbenzene

CAS. 1330-20-7 11 - 12,5 R10, Xn R20/21, Xi R38, Note C Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332,

EC. 215-535-7 Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Note C

INDEX. 601-022-00-9

Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32-0023 1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate

CAS. 108-65-6 5 - 6 R10 Flam. Liq. 3 H226

EC. 203-603-9 INDEX. 607-195-00-7 Reg. no. 01-2119475791-29 1-ethoxy-2-propanol acetate

CAS. 54839-24-6 3 - 3,5 R10, R67 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336

EC. 259-370-9 INDEX. 603-177-00-8

Reg. no. 01-2119475116-39-0000

Hydrocarbons, C9 aromatic

CAS. - 2,5 - 3 R10, R66, R67, Xn R65, Xi R37, N R51/53 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066

EC. 918-668-5 INDEX. -

Reg. no. 01-2119455851-35

2-butoxyethanol

CAS. 111-76-2 0,3 - 0,35 Xn R20/21/22, Xi R36/38 Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315

EC. 203-905-0 INDEX. 603-014-00-0

Reg. no. 01-2119475108-36 Ethylbenzene

CAS. 100-41-4 0,05 - 0,1 F R11, Xn R20 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332

EC. 202-849-4 INDEX. 601-023-00-4

Reg. no. 01-2119489370-35-XXX

Ethyl acetate

CAS. 141-78-6 0,05 - 0,1 R66, R67, F R11, Xi R36

EC. 205-500-4 INDEX. 607-022-00-5

Reg. no. 01-2119475103-46-XXXX

Toluene

CAS. 108-88-3 0 - 0,05 Repr. Cat. 3 R63, R67, F R11, Xn R48/20, Xn R65, Xi R38 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Repr. 2 H361d, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Irrit, 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336

EC. 203-625-9 INDEX. 601-021-00-3

Reg. no. 01-2119471310-51-0036

ricg. 110. 01-2119411010-01-0030

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range. The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

 $T+= Very\ Toxic(T+),\ T=Toxic(T),\ Xn=Harmful(Xn),\ C=Corrosive(C),\ Xi=Irritant(Xi),\ O=Oxidizing(O),\ E=Explosive(E),\ F+=Extremely\ Flammable(F+),\ F=Highly\ Flammable(F),\ N=Dangerous\ for\ the\ Environment(N)$

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066





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SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.



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SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

See paragraph 1.2. For further information consult the technical data sheet.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

United Kingdom

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. Containing the list of workplace exposure limits for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (as amended).

ire Code of Practice Chemical Agent Regulations 2011.

OEL EU Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive

2000/39/EC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2012

				n-but	yl acetate					
reshold Limit Val	ue.									
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	ōmin					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
OEL	EU		150		200					
TLV			150		200					
redicted no-effect	concentra	tion - PNE	C.							
Normal value for t	he terrestr	ial compart	ment				0,0903	mg/kg		
Normal value in fr	esh water			0,18	mg/l					
Normal value in m	narine wate		0,018	mg/l						
Normal value for f	resh water	sediment					0,981	mg/kg		
Normal value for r	marine wat	er sedimen	t				0,0981	mg/kg		
Normal value of S	TP microo	rganisms					35,6	mg/l		
lealth - Derived no-	effect leve	el - DNEL /	DMEL							
	Effec	ts on consu	umers.			Effects on	n workers			
Route of exposure	e Acute		cute /stemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	
Oral.				3,4 mg/kg	VND					
Inhalation.	859.7 mg/n		59.7 g/m3	12 mg/m3	VND	960 mg/m3	960 mg/m3	480 mg/m3	480 mg/m3	
Skin.	-			VND	3,4 mg/kg			VND	7 mg/kg	





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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection. .../>>

			Xylene,	mixture of iso	mers with	ethylbenzene			
hreshold Limit Valu	e.								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
							A4, IBE		
redicted no-effect c	oncentra	tion - PNE	Э.						
Normal value for th	Normal value for the terrestrial compartment						2,31	mg/kg	
Normal value in fre	sh water						0,327	mg/l	
Normal value in ma	arine wate	r					0,327	mg/l	
Normal value for fr	esh water	sediment					12,46	mg/kg	
Normal value for m	arine wat	er sedimen	t				12,46	mg/kg	
lealth - Derived no-e	ffect leve	I - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effec	ts on consu	ımers.		Effects on workers				
Route of exposure	Acute local		cute stemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral.				VND	1.6 mg/kg				
Inhalation.				VND	14.8 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	77 mg/m3	221 mg/m3	77 mg/m3
Skin.				VND	108 mg/kg			VND	180 mg/kg/d

				1-methoxy-2-	propanol a	etate					
Threshold Limit Valu	ıe.										
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min						
•	-	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm						
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN					
TLV		275	50	550 (C)	100 (C)						
Predicted no-effect of	concentra	tion - PNE	C.								
Normal value for the	he terrestr	ial compart	ment				0,29	mg/kg			
Normal value in fresh water 0,635								mg/l			
Normal value in m	arine wate	er					0,0635	mg/l			
Normal value for f	resh water	sediment					3,29	mg/kg			
Normal value for n	narine wat	er sedimen	t				0,329	mg/kg			
Health - Derived no-	effect leve	el - DNEL /	DMEL								
	Effec	ts on consu	umers.			Effects on workers					
Route of exposure	e Acute	e A	cute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic		
	local	Sy	/stemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic		
Oral.				VND	1,67						
					mg/kg						
Inhalation.				VND	33			VND	275		
					mg/m3				mg/m3		
Skin.				VND	54,8			VND	153,5		
					mg/kg				mg/kg		





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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection. .../>>

				1-ethoxy-2-p	ropanol aceta	ate			
hreshold Limit Value									
Type C	ountry	TWA/8h		STEL/15	imin				
,,		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV		300	50						
redicted no-effect co	ncentrat	ion - PNEC	Э.						
Normal value for the	terrestri	al compartr	ment				1,34	mg/kg	
Normal value in fres							1,3	mg/l	
Normal value in mar	ine wate	r					0,13	mg/l	
Normal value for fre	sh water	sediment					6,4	mg/kg	
Normal value for ma	rine wate	er sediment	t				0,64	mg/kg	
lealth - Derived no-ef	ect leve	I - DNEL / I	DMEL				.,,	3 3	
	Effect	ts on consu	ımers.			Effects on	workers		
Route of exposure	Acute			Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local		stemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral.		-,		VND	13,1		.,		-,
					mg/kg/24h				
Inhalation.	VND	36	55	VND	181	VND	608	VND	302
			g/m3	5	mg/m3		mg/m3	2	mg/m3
Skin.		;	90	VND	62		g	VND	103
-					mg/kg/24h			2	
									mg/kg/2
									h

			Hydrocarb	ons, C9 aroma	atic			
Health - Derived no-effe	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL						
	Effects on	consumers.			Effects or			
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral.			VND	11				
				mg/kg				
Inhalation.			VND	32			VND	150
				mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin.			VND	11			VND	25
				mg/kg				mg/kg

				2-buto	kyethanol					
hreshold Limit Value.										
Type C	ountry	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	min					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
OEL E	U	98	20	246	50	SKIN				
TLV		98	20	246 (C)	50 (C)					
redicted no-effect cor	ncentrati	on - PNEC	; .							
Normal value for the	terrestria	l compartn	nent				3,13	mg/kg		
Normal value in fresh	h water	8,8	mg/l							
Normal value in mari	ine water						0,88	mg/l		
Normal value for fres	sh water s	sediment					34,6	mg/kg		
Normal value for ma	rine wate	r sediment					3,46	mg/kg		
lealth - Derived no-eff	ect level	- DNEL / [OMEL							
	Effects	on consu	mers.			Effects on	n workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local			Chronic ocal	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	
Oral.			,	VND	3,2 mg/kg					
Inhalation.			,	VND	49 mg/m3			VND	98 mg/m3	
Skin.			,	VND	38 mg/kg			VND	75 mg/kg	





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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

				Ethyl	benzene					
Threshold Limit Valu	ie.									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN				
Predicted no-effect of	concentra	tion - PNE	Э.							
Normal value for the	ne terrestr	ial comparti	ment				2,68	mg/kg		
Normal value in fre	esh water						0,1	mg/l		
Normal value in m	arine wate	er					0,01	mg/l		
Normal value for fi	resh water	sediment					13,7	mg/l		
Health - Derived no-e	effect leve	el - DNEL /	DMEL							
	Effec	ts on consu	ımers.			Effects on workers				
Route of exposure	Acut	e Ad	cute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	
	local	sy	stemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	
Inhalation.						293	VND	VND	77	
						mg/m3			mg/m3	
Skin.								VND	180	
									mg/kg/d	

				Ethy	l acetate				
Threshold Limit Valu	e.								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	STEL/15min				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU		200		400				
TLV		1500	400						
Predicted no-effect of	oncentra	tion - PNE	C.						
Normal value for th	ial compar	tment				0,24	mg/kg		
Normal value in fre	Normal value in fresh water						0,26	mg/l	
Normal value in ma	arine wate	er					0,026	mg/l	
Normal value for fr	esh water	sediment					1,25	mg/kg	
Normal value for m	narine wat	er sedimer	nt				0,125	mg/kg	
Normal value of S	TP microo	rganisms					650	mg/l	
Health - Derived no-e	effect leve	el - DNEL /	DMEL					-	
	Effec	ts on cons	umers.			Effects on w	orkers/		
Route of exposure	Acute	e A	cute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	S	ystemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation.	734	7	34	367	367	1468	1468	734	734
	mg/n	13 m	ng/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
Skin.			-	VND	37	-	-	VND	63
					mg/kg				mg/kg

				То	luene				
Threshold Limit Valu	ie.								
Туре	ype Country TWA/8h								
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	192	50	384	100	SKIN			
TLV		192	50	384 (C)	100 (C)				
Predicted no-effect of	concentra	tion - PNE	C.						
Normal value for the	ne terrestri		2,39	mg/kg					
Normal value in fre	esh water						16,39	mg/l	
Normal value in m	arine wate	r					0,68	mg/l	
Normal value for n	narine wat	er sedimen	t				1639	mg/l	
Normal value of S	TP microo	rganisms					13,61	mg/l	
lealth - Derived no-e	effect leve	I - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effec	ts on consu	mers.			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute	e Ac	cute (Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	sy	stemic I	ocal	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation.						384	384	192	192
						mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
Skin.								VND	384
									mg/kg/m3

Legend

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction. VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.





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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Appearance

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

liquid

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Colour transparent Odour characteristic Odour threshold. Not available. pΗ. Not available. Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Initial boiling point. 124 °C. Boiling range. Not available. Flash point. 23 °C **Evaporation Rate** Not available. Flammability of solids and gases Not available Lower inflammability limit. Not available. Upper inflammability limit. Not available. Lower explosive limit. Not available. Upper explosive limit. Not available. Not available. Vapour pressure. Vapour density > 1.0000 Relative density. 1,02 Kg/l Solubility partially soluble Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available. Not available. Auto-ignition temperature. Decomposition temperature. Not available. Not available. Viscosity Explosive properties Not available. Oxidising properties Not available.

9.2. Other information.

VOC (Directive 1999/13/EC): 41,70 % - 425,31 g/litre. VOC (volatile carbon): 28,93 % - 295,06 g/litre.



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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE: stable but with the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL: decomposes in the presence of heat.

ETHYL ACETATE: decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: decomposes readily with water, especially when warm.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

ETHYLBENZENE: reacts violently with strong oxidising agents and attacks various types of plastics. Can form explosive mixtures with the air.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): stable, but may develop violent reactions in the presence of strong oxidising agents such as sulphuric and nitric acids and perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with the air.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE: may react violently with oxidising agents and strong acids and alkaline metals.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL: can react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxide with air.

ETHYL ACETATE: risk of explosion on contact with: metals, alkalis, hydrides. oleum. can react violently with: fluoride, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulfuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with the air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. Can react dangerously with alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with the air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE: store in an inert atmosphere, sheletered from moisture because it hydrolises easily.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL: avoid exposure to sources of heat and naked flames.

ETHYL ACETATE: avoid exposure to light, sources of heat and naked flames.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: avoid exposure to moisture, sources of heat and naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE: oxidising agents, strong acids and alkaline metals.

ETHYL ACETATE: acids and bases, strong oxidising agents; aluminium and some plastics, nitrates and chlorosulphuric acid.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: water, nitrates, strong oxidising agents, acids and alkalis and potassium tert-butoxide.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

ETHYLBENZENE: methane, styrene, hydrogen, ethane.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL: hydrogen.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

Acute effects: inhalation, cutaneous absorption and ingestion of this product are harmful. This product may irritate mucosas, the upper respiratory tract, and eyes. Exposure symptoms may include: stinging and irritated eyes, mouth, nose, throat; cough, respiratory disorders, dizziness, headache, nausea and sickness.

In the most serious cases, inhalation of this product may cause larynx and bronchial tube edema and irritation, chemical pneumonia and pulmonary edema. Upon contact with skin, this product may irritate it, causing an increase in skin temperature, swelling and itchiness. Ingestion of even small amounts of this product may cause serious health problems (stomach pain, nausea, sickness, diarrhoea).

This product may have a degreasing action on the skin, producing dryness and chapped skin after repeated exposure.

ETHYLBENZENE: like the benzene homologues, may exert an effect on the CNS with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and accompanied by headache. It is irritating to the skin, conjunctivae and respiratory apparatus.





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SECTION 11. Toxicological information. />>

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): has a toxic effect on the CNS (encephalopathies). Irritating to the skin, conjunctivae, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE: the main way of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory way is less important owing to the low vapour tension of the product. Concentrations above 100 ppm cause eye irritation, nose and oropharynx. At 1000 ppm disturbance in the equilibrium and severe eye irritation is observed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and ocular irritation on direct contact. No chronic effects have been reported in man.

N-BUTYL ACETATE:in humans the substance's vapours cause irritation to the eues and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, there is skin irritation, dermatosis (with driness and flaking of the skin) and keratitis.

Ethylbenzene

 LD50 (Oral).
 3500 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 17800 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 17,6 mg/l/4h Rat

Hydrocarbons, C9 aromatic

 LD50 (Oral).
 > 8 ml/kg bw Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 3160 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 > 6193 mg/m3/4h Rat

Toluene

 LD50 (Oral).
 5000 mg/kg/24h Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 12124 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 5320 mg/l/4h Mouse

Xylene, mixture of isomers with ethylbenzene

 LD50 (Oral).
 3523 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 12126 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 27124 mg/m3 Rat

1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate

 LD50 (Oral).
 8500 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 35,7 mg/l Rat

2-butoxyethanol

 LD50 (Oral).
 1746 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 6411 mg/kg Pig

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 450 ppm Rat

1-ethoxy-2-propanol acetate

 LD50 (Oral).
 > 5000 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 13,42 ml/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 > 6,99 mg/l/4h Rat

Ethyl acetate

 LD50 (Oral).
 4100 mg/kg rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 20000 mg/kg rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 22,5 mg/l/6h rat

n-butyl acetate

 LD50 (Oral).
 > 10000 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 14000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 > 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it may even have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity.





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SECTION 12. Ecological information. .../>>

Ethylbenzene

LC50 - for Fish. 48,5 mg/l/96h Fish

Hydrocarbons, C9 aromatic

LC50 - for Fish.

EC50 - for Crustacea.

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants.

9,2 mg/l/96h Fish
3,2 mg/l/48h Daphnia
2,9 mg/l/72h Algae

1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate

LC50 - for Fish. > 100 mg/l/96h Fish

2-butoxyethanol

LC50 - for Fish. 1474 mg/l/96h Fish EC50 - for Crustacea. 1550 mg/l/48h Daphnia EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants. 911 mg/l/72h Algae

1-ethoxy-2-propanol acetate

Chronic NOEC for Fish. 47,5 mg/l/96h Fish Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants. 47,5 mg/l/96h Fish > 100 mg/l/72h Algae

Ethyl acetate

n-butyl acetate

LC50 - for Fish. 18 mg/l/96h Fish EC50 - for Crustacea. 44 mg/l/48h Daphnia

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

2-butoxyethanol Rapidly biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil, sewers and waterways.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

These goods must be transported by vehicles authorized to the carriage of dangerous goods according to the provisions set out in the current edition of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and in all the applicable national regulations. These goods must be packed in their original packagings or in packagings made of materials resistant to their content and not reacting dangerously with it. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all the risks deriving from these substances and on all actions that must be taken in case of emergency situations.



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SECTION 14. Transport information. .../>>

Road and rail transport:

ADR/RID Class: UN: 1263

Ш Packing Group: Label: 3 Nr. Kemler: 30 Limited Quantity. 5 L Tunnel restriction code. (D/E)

PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL Proper Shipping Name:

Special Provision:

Carriage by sea (shipping):

3 UN: 1263 IMO Class:

Ш Packing Group: Label: 3

EMS: F-E <u>S-E</u>

Marine Pollutant. NO

PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL Proper Shipping Name:

Transport by air:

IATA: 3 UN: 1263

Ш Packing Group: Label: 3

Cargo: Packaging instructions:

Pass.: Maximum quantity: 60 L

Packaging instructions: 355 Special Instructions: A3, A72

PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL Proper Shipping Name:

366

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category.

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product.

Point.

Contained substance.

Point. 48 Toluene

Reg. no.: 01-2119471310-51-0036

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None.

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

Maximum quantity:

335 Horner Ave. Etobicoke ON.

416-251-0051

www.protekpaint.com

ΕN





220 L







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SECTION 15. Regulatory information. />>

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 4 Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

H225Highly flammable liquid and vapour.H226Flammable liquid and vapour.H361dSuspected of damaging the unborn child.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R10 FLAMMABLE.
R11 HIGHLY FLAMMABLE.
R20 HARMFUL BY INHALATION.

R20/21 HARMFUL BY INHALATION AND IN CONTACT WITH SKIN.

R20/21/22 HARMFUL BY INHALATION, IN CONTACT WITH SKIN AND IF SWALLOWED.

R36 IRRITATING TO EYES.

R36/38 IRRITATING TO EYES AND SKIN.
R37 IRRITATING TO RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.

R38 IRRITATING TO SKIN.

R48/20 HARMFUL: DANGER OF SERIOUS DAMAGE TO HEALTH BY PROLONGED EXPOSURE THROUGH

INHALATION.

R51/53 TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC

ENVIRONMENT.

R52/53 HARMFUL TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC

ENVIRONMENT.

Repr. Cat. 3
Reproductive toxicity, development, category 3.
R63
POSSIBLE RISK OF HARM TO THE UNBORN CHILD.
HARMFUL: MAY CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE IF SWALLOWED.

R66 REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE SKIN DRYNESS OR CRACKING.

R67 VAPOURS MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS AND DIZZINESS.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods



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SECTION 16. Other information. .../>>

- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
- 3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EC) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EC) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- 10. Handling Chemical Safety
- 11. Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- 12. INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- 13. Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- 14. N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- 15. ECHA website

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 15.