



TRANSP. MATT ACRYLIC TOP COAT

Revision nr.6 Dated 3/8/2013 Printed on 3/8/2013 Page n. 1 / 11 ΕN

Safety data sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: OAC363G10

Product name TRANSP. MATT ACRYLIC TOP COAT

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Paint for wood

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name INDUSTRIA CHIMICA ADRIATICA S.P.A.

Full address Via S. Pertini, 52

District and Country 62012 Civitanova Marche (MC)

ITALY

Tel. +39 0733 8080 Fax +39 0733 808140

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet icalab1@icaspa.com

Product distribution by INDUSTRIA CHIMICA ADRIATICA S.p.A.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Tel. + (39) 733 8080 Fax. + (39) 733 808140 (From Monday to Friday: 8.00 am -

6.00 pm)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Danger Symbols: F

R phrases: 11-66-67

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and subsequent amendments and supplements.



R11 HIGHLY FLAMMABLE.

R66 REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE SKIN DRYNESS OR CRACKING.

R67 VAPOURS MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS AND DIZZINESS.

\$ 9 KEEP CONTAINER IN A WELL-VENTILATED PLACE.

S16 KEEP AWAY FROM SOURCES OF IGNITION - NO SMOKING.
S23 DO NOT BREATHE GAS/FUMES/VAPOUR/SPRAY.

\$33 TAKE PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES AGAINST STATIC DISCHARGES.

S43 IN CASE OF FIRE, USE . . . (INDICATE IN THE SPACE THE PRECISE TYPE OF FIRE-FIGHTING

EQUIPMENT. IF WATER INCREASES RISK, ADD - 'NEVER USE WATER').

S51 USE ONLY IN WELL-VENTILATED AREAS.

Contains: METHYL METHACRYLATE





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SECTION 2. Hazards identification. />>

2_Hydroxyethyl methacrylate

May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3. Other hazards.

Information not available.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification. Conc. %. Classification 67/548/EEC. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).

N-BUTYL ACETATE

CAS. 123-86-4 37,5 - 40 R10, R66, R67 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC. 204-658-1 INDEX. 607-025-00-1

Reg. no. 01-2119485493-29-0007

ETHYL ACETATE

CAS. 141-78-6 18 - 19,5 R66, R67, F R11, Xi R36 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC. 205-500-4 INDEX. 607-022-00-5

Reg. no. 01-2119475103-46-XXXX XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

CAS. 1330-20-7 9 - 10,5 R10, Xn R20/21, Xi R38, Note C Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Note C

EC. 215-535-7

INDEX. 601-022-00-9

Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32-0023

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE

CAS. 108-65-6 3 - 3,5 R10 Flam. Liq. 3 H226

CAS. 108-65-6 3 - 3,5 EC. 203-603-9 INDEX. 607-195-00-7

INDEX. 607-195-00-7 Reg. no. 01-2119475791-29

ETHYLBENZENE

CAS. 100-41-4 1,5 - 2 F R11, Xn R20 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332

EC. 202-849-4 INDEX. 601-023-00-4 METHYL METHACRYLATE

CAS. 80-62-6 0.35 - 0.4 F R11, Xi R37/38, Xi R43, Note D Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,

EC. 201-297-1 Skin Sens. 1 H317, Note D

INDEX. 607-035-00-6

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

T+ = Very Toxic(T+), T = Toxic(T), Xn = Harmful(Xn), C = Corrosive(C), Xi = Irritant(Xi), O = Oxidizing(O), E = Explosive(E), F+ = Extremely Flammable(F+), F = Highly Flammable(F), N = Dangerous for the Environment(N)

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.



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SECTION 4. First aid measures. .../>>

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

FOR LIQUID PRODUCTS:

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

FOR SOLID PRODUCTS:

If there are no contraindications, spray powder with water to prevent the formation of dust. Avoid breathing vapours/mists/gases.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

FOR LIQUID PRODUCTS: Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

FOR SOLID PRODUCTS: Use spark-proof mechanical equipment to collect the leaked product and place it in containers for recovery or disposal. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire.

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.





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SECTION 7. Handling and storage. />>

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

United Kingdom

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. Containing the list of workplace exposure limits for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (as amended).

Code of Practice Chemical Agent Regulations 2011.

Éire OEL EU

Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive

2000/39/EC.

TLV-ACGIH

ACGIH 2012

				N-BUTY	L ACETATE				
Threshold Limit Value	€.								
Type	Country	Country TWA/8h			STEL/15min				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV			150		200				
OEL EU			150		200				
Predicted no-effect co	oncentrat	ion - PNE	C.						
Normal value for th	e terrestria	al compart	ment				0,0903	mg/kg	
Normal value in fre	sh water						0,18	mg/l	
Normal value in ma	irine watei	r					0,018	mg/l	
Normal value for fre	esh water	sediment					0,981	mg/kg	
Normal value for m	arine wate	er sedimen	t				0,0981	mg/kg	
Normal value of ST	P microor	ganisms					35,6	mg/l	
Health - Derived no-e	ffect leve	I - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effect	ts on consu	ımers.			Effects on	workers		
Route of exposure	Acute	e Ad	cute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	Sy	stemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation.	859.7	85	59.7	102.34	102.34	960	960	480	480
	mg/m	ı3 m	g/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3

				ETHYL	ACETATE				
hreshold Limit Valu	ıe.								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	imin				
	_	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV		1500	400						
OEL EU			200		400				
redicted no-effect	concentra	tion - PNE	C.						
Normal value for t	he terrestr	ial compart	ment				0,24	mg/kg	
Normal value in fr	esh water						0,26	mg/l	
Normal value in m	arine wate	er					0,026	mg/l	
Normal value for f	resh water	sediment					1,25	mg/kg	
Normal value for r	narine wat	er sedimen	t				0,125	mg/kg	
Normal value of S	TP microo	rganisms					650	mg/l	
lealth - Derived no-	effect leve	el - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effec	ts on consu	ımers.			Effects on	workers		
Route of exposure	e Acute	e A	cute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	sy	stemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation.	734	73	34	367	367	1468	1468	734	734
	mg/n	n3 m	g/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
Skin.			-	VND	37		-	VND	63
					mg/kg				mg/kg





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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection. .../>>

				XYLENE (MIXTU	JRE OF ISC	MERS)				
Threshold Limit Value) <u>.</u>									
Type (Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	STEL/15min					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
OEL E	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN				
							A4, IBE			
Predicted no-effect co	ncentra	tion - PNE) .							
Normal value for the	e terrestri	ial compartr	nent				2,31	mg/kg		
Normal value in fres	sh water						0,327	mg/l		
Normal value in ma	rine wate	er					0,327	mg/l		
Normal value for fre	sh water	sediment					12,46	mg/kg		
Normal value for ma	arine wat	er sediment					12,46	mg/kg		
Health - Derived no-ef	fect leve	I - DNEL /	DMEL							
	Effec	ts on consu	mers.			Effects on workers				
Route of exposure	Acute local		ute stemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	
Oral.				VND	1.6 mg/kg					
Inhalation.				VND	14.8 mg/m3	442 mg/m3	442 mg/m3	221 mg/m3	77 mg/m3	
Skin.				VND	108 mg/kg			VND	180 mg/kg/d	

			1-1	METHOXY-2-PR	OPANOL A	CETATE				
Thresh	old Limit Value.									
Тур	e Cou	intry TWA	√8h	STEL/15	min					
		mg/r	n3 ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
TLV	/	275	50	550 (C)	100 (C)					
OEI	L EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN				
Predict	ted no-effect conc	entration -	PNEC.							
Nor	mal value for the te	rrestrial con	npartment				0,29	mg/kg		
Nor	mal value in fresh v	water					0,635	mg/l		
Nor	mal value in marine	e water					0,0635	mg/l		
Nor	mal value for fresh	water sedim	nent				3,29	mg/kg		
Nor	mal value for marin	ne water sed	iment				0,329	mg/kg		
Health	- Derived no-effect	t level - DN	EL / DMEL							
		Effects on o	consumers.		Effects on workers					
Rou	ute of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	
		local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	
Ora	ıl.			VND	1,67					
					mg/kg					
Inha	alation.			VND	33			VND	275	
					mg/m3				mg/m3	
Skir	n.			VND	54,8			VND	153,5	
					mg/kg				mg/kg	

				FTHYI	BENZENE				
hreshold Limit Value	e.				DENZENE				
	Country	· -			imin				
• •		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN			
redicted no-effect c	oncentra	tion - PNE	C.						
Normal value for th	e terrestr	ial compart	ment				2,68	mg/kg	
Normal value in fre	sh water						0,1	mg/l	
Normal value in ma	arine wate	er					0,01	mg/l	
Normal value for fr	esh water	sediment					13,7	mg/l	
lealth - Derived no-e	ffect leve	el - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effec	ts on consu	ımers.			Effects on	workers		
Route of exposure	Acute local		cute stemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation.						293 mg/m3	VND	VND	77 mg/m3
Skin.								VND	180 mg/kg/d







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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction. VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available; NEA = no exposure expected; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protection equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protection equipment must comply with the rules in force indicated below. HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category II (ref. Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN 374) work gloves, such as those in PVC, neoprene, nitryl or equivalent. The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, breakage times and permeation. Work glove resistance to preparations should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. Gloves' limit depends on the duration of exposure.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear protective airtight goggles (ref. standard EN 166).

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (ref. Directive 89/686/CEE and standard EN 344). Wash body with soap and water after removing overalls.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (if available) for one or more of the substances present in the preparation for daily exposure in the workplace or to a fraction established by the company's prevention and protection service is exceeded, wear a mask with an A or universal filter, the class (1, 2 or 3) of which must be chosen according to the limit concentration of use (ref. standard EN 141).

The use of respiratory tract protection equipment, such as masks like that indicated above, is necessary to reduce worker exposure in the absence of technical measures. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance in question is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relative exposure limit and in the event of an emergency, or when exposure levels are unknown or the concentration of oxygen in the workplace is less than 17% volume, wear self-contained, open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. standard EN 137) or fresh air hose breathing apparatus for use with full face mask, half mask or mouthpiece (ref. standard EN 138).

An emergency eye washing and shower system must be provided.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.Appearance liquid

Colour transparent Odour characteristic Odour threshold. Not available pH. Not available. Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Initial boiling point. 77 °C: Boiling range. Not available. Flash point. °C. 21 Not available. **Evaporation Rate** Flammability of solids and gases Not available. Lower inflammability limit. Not available. Upper inflammability limit. Not available. Lower explosive limit. Not available Upper explosive limit. Not available. Vapour pressure. Not available. Vapour density > 1.0000 Relative density. 0,95 partially soluble Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available. Auto-ignition temperature. Not available. Decomposition temperature. Not available. Viscosity Not available. Explosive properties Not available Oxidising properties Not available.

9.2. Other information.

VOC (Directive 1999/13/EC): 73,57 % - 698,88 g/litre. VOC (volatile carbon): 35,72 % - 339,31 g/litre.



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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE: stable but with the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

ETHYL ACETATE: decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: decomposes readily with water, especially when warm.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

ETHYLBENZENE: reacts violently with strong oxidising agents and attacks various types of plastics. Can form explosive mixtures with the air

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): stable, but may develop violent reactions in the presence of strong oxidising agents such as sulphuric and nitric acids and perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with the air.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE: may react violently with oxidising agents and strong acids and alkaline metals.

ETHYL ACETATE: risk of explosion on contact with: metals, alkalis, hydrides. oleum. can react violently with: fluoride, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulfuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with the air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. Can react dangerously with alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with the air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE: store in an inert atmosphere, sheletered from moisture because it hydrolises easily.

ETHYL ACETATE: avoid exposure to light, sources of heat and naked flames.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: avoid exposure to moisture, sources of heat and naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE: oxidising agents, strong acids and alkaline metals.

ETHYL ACETATE: acids and bases, strong oxidising agents; aluminium and some plastics, nitrates and chlorosulphuric acid.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: water, nitrates, strong oxidising agents, acids and alkalis and potassium tert-butoxide.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

ETHYLBENZENE: methane, styrene, hydrogen, ethane.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

This product may have a degreasing action on the skin, producing dryness and chapped skin after repeated exposure.

This product contains highly volatile substances, which may cause serious depression of the central nervous system (CNS) and have negative effects, such as drowsiness, dizziness, slow reflexes, narcosis.

ETHYLBENZENE: like the benzene homologues, may exert an effect on the CNS with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and accompanied by headache. It is irritating to the skin, conjunctivae and respiratory apparatus.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): has a toxic effect on the CNS (encephalopathies). Irritating to the skin, conjunctivae, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE: the main way of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory way is less important owing to the low vapour tension of the product. Concentrations above 100 ppm cause eye irritation, nose and oropharynx. At 1000 ppm disturbance in the equilibrium and severe eye irritation is observed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and ocular irritation on direct contact. No chronic effects have been reported in man.





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SECTION 11. Toxicological information. />>

N-BUTYL ACETATE:in humans the substance's vapours cause irritation to the eues and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, there is skin irritation, dermatosis (with driness and flaking of the skin) and keratitis.

ETHYLBENZENE

 LD50 (Oral).
 3500 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 17800 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 17,6 mg/l/4h Rat

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

 LD50 (Oral).
 3523 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 12126 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 27124 mg/m3 Rat

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE

 LD50 (Oral).
 8500 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 35,7 mg/l Rat

ETHYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Oral).
 > 4935 mg/kg rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 20000 mg/kg rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 22,5 mg/l/6h rat

N-BUTYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Oral).
 > 10000 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 14000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 > 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

No specific data are available for this product. Handle it according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil, sewers and waterways. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or contaminate soil or vegetation. Please take all the proper measures to reduce harmful effects on aquifers.

12.1. Toxicity.

ETHYLBENZENE

LC50 (96h) - for Fish. 48,5 mg/l Fish

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE

LC50 (96h) - for Fish. > 100 mg/l Fish

ETHYL ACETATE

LC50 (96h) - for Fish. 230 mg/l Fish

N-BUTYL ACETATE

LC50 (96h) - for Fish. 18 mg/l Fish EC50 (48h) - for Algae / Aquatic Plants. 18 mg/l Daphnia

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Information not available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.



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ΕN

SECTION 12. Ecological information. .../>>

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil, sewers and waterways.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

These goods must be transported by vehicles authorized to the carriage of dangerous goods according to the provisions set out in the current edition of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and in all the applicable national regulations. These goods must be packed in their original packagings or in packagings made of materials resistant to their content and not reacting dangerously with it. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all the risks deriving from these substances and on all actions that must be taken in case of emergency situations.

Maximum quantity:

Maximum quantity:

Road and rail transport:

ADR/RID Class: UN: 1263

Packing Group: Ш Label: 3 Nr. Kemler: 33 Limited Quantity. 5 L Tunnel restriction code. (D/E)

PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL Proper Shipping Name:

Special Provision:

Carriage by sea (shipping):

IMO Class: 3 UN: 1263

Packing Group: Ш Label: 3 EMS:

F-E S-E

Marine Pollutant. NO

PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL Proper Shipping Name:



60 L

Transport by air:

IATA: 3 UN: 1263

Packing Group: П Label: 3

Cargo: Packaging instructions:

5 L

353 Packaging instructions: Special Instructions: A3, A72

Proper Shipping Name: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

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SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category. 7b

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product.

Point.

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None.





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SECTION 15. Regulatory information. .../>>

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 689/2008:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3 Acute Tox. 4 Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1Skin sensitization, category 1H225Highly flammable liquid and vapour.H226Flammable liquid and vapour.H312Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R10 FLAMMABLE.

R11 HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. R20 HARMFUL BY INHALATION.

R20/21 HARMFUL BY INHALATION AND IN CONTACT WITH SKIN.

R36 IRRITATING TO EYES.
R37/38 IRRITATING TO RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND SKIN.

R38 IRRITATING TO SKIN.

R43 MAY CAUSE SENSITISATION BY SKIN CONTACT.

R66 REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE SKIN DRYNESS OR CRACKING.

R67 VAPOURS MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS AND DIZZINESS.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation



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SECTION 16. Other information. .../>>

- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as Reach Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
- 3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EC) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- 9. Handling Chemical Safety
- 10. Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- 11. INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- 12. Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- 13. N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- 14. ECHA website

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

08 / 09.